PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No. 26. PITTSBURGH, NOVEMBER 5, 1816. Vol. 31

THEODORE MAZURIE,

In Diamond alley, next to Ostloff, Silversmith,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

Fresh Winter Goods,

WITH a general assortment of others, as low as any in market. *SPANISH CIGARS,* 1st, 2d and 3d quality.

ALSO FOR SALE,

Three Tracts of Land,

containing about 900 acres, thirty miles up the Allegheny river, on Buffalo creek.

November 1, 1816—3t

For Sale.

TWO LOTS, Nos. 160 and 171, in the town of M'Keesport.—For terms apply at my office in the Diamond.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Conveyancer*

Pittsburgh, Nov. 1, 1816—tf

LOOK AT THIS.

Just now arrived from New York and Philadelphia,

AND now opened at the store of William Semple, Wood street, between Second and Third, a very elegant and large assortment of

DRY GOODS,

as well for this, as for the winter and summer seasons. Which we offer for sale on the lowest and most reasonable terms.

J. B. BUCNER &
JAMES POINTE

Pittsburgh, Nov. 1, 1816—3t

NEW STORE & NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber informs the public that he has just opened an assortment of goods, for a short time, at the store lately occupied by *Mr. Brewer*, north-east corner of Wood and Second streets, which have been purchased at the present reduced prices and will be sold accordingly.

HE OFFERS FOR SALE

A General Assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES & QUEENS-WARE—ALSO,

One box German fulled hose, half hose and gloves, and a quantity of German toys,

All which he will dispose of at a small advance wholesale or retail for cash or approved paper.

FREDERICK G. L. BUEHRING.

Pittsburgh, October 4, 1816—4t

STORAGE & COMMISSION.

THE SUBSGRIBER

HAS COMMENCED THE

Storage & Commission Business

IN a large and convenient *WAREHOUSE* two doors from the corner of Front in Wood street, where he will be happy to receive and forward Merchandize, purchase and sell, for those who may favour him with their business, on the usual terms. The public may depend on punctual attention to their commands in the above business.

WILLIAM B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, October 25, 1816—2awtf.

FOR SALE.

By the Bale or Piece,

AT THE WAREHOUSE OF THE SUBSCRIBER,

A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF WINTER

GOODS,

CONSISTING of, Coarse and middling six quarter Cloths of different colours; Coatings, Bazes, Kersey Moleskin, blue Plains, Swansdown vesting, Blankets, Flannels, Cords and Velvets—Also, a few first quality wrought ANVILS and VICES, which will be disposed of low for cash or acceptances, at two, four and six months.

WM. B. FOSTER

Pittsburgh, October 25, 1816—2awtf

Cash for Rye.

THE highest price in cash will be paid for *two thousand bushels of good marchantable RYE,* if delivered before the first of February next.

WM. B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, October 25, 1816—2awtf

Regimental Orders.

A COURT to consist of the field officers of the 28th Regt. P. M. will convene at the house of lieut. col. Wm. Lea, on Friday the 8th day of November next—to which those constables who have not paid to the Brigade Inspector, the whole amount of the warrants put into their hands by him for the collection of militia fines (in the bounds of said regiment,) will make report, that they may be exonerated from the payment of such sums as it has been impracticable for them to collect.

By order of the Lieut. Col. Commanding.

N. PATTERSON, *Adjutant.*

October 25, 1816—3t

FOR SALE,

A Black Girl, who has eleven years and eight months to serve. She is young, active and healthy: a good house maid and equally qualified for farm or tavern work. As the owner has no further use for her, she will be disposed of on moderate terms and at an accomodating credit. Apply at the Auction Store, Market street, to

D. S. SCULLY.

Pittsburgh, October 29, 1816—3t

M'CLURG'S & M'KNIGHT,

Offer For Sale at the

Pittsburgh Air Foundery,

CORNER of Fifth and Smithfield Streets, and also, at their Warehouse in Wood Street, (between Messrs. Allen and Grants, and W. Anderson & Co.) a very extensive assortment of

Wood and Coal STOVES and GRATES, of a great variety of sizes and patterns, finished complete, or in plates, as may be wanted. They are also constantly receiving from their Blast Furnaces, and have now on hand a large assortment of

HOLLOW WARE, and CASTINGS,

OF almost every description, among which are the following:

Hatters, Taylors and Smoothing Irons,
Grist and Saw Mill Irons,
Tea Kettles and Waffle Irons,
Scales, Counter and Sash Weights,
Blacksmith's Anvils,
Apple Mill Nutts,
Waggon Boxes,
Salt and Pot Ash Kettles,
Hatters, Fullers and Soap Boilers Do.
Windmill Irons,
Dog Irons, &c. &c.

Steam Engine, and every kind of Machinery, Large Kettles, and Boilers of every description, made to order on the shortest notice.

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD ON THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Pittsburgh, September 16, 1816.

O'BRIEN & DYOTT.

Wholesale & Retail Druggists,

PITTSBURGH.

HAVE FOR SALE, at their DRUG WAREHOUSE, an extensive supply of the following GOODS, which, in addition to a variety of other genuine articles, they will dispose of on their usual low terms, viz:

Fresh Drugs,
Chemicals,
Medicines,
Perfumery,
Vials assorted,
Flaxseed and Sweet Oil,
Spirit Turpentine,
Pain s assorted
Dye Stuffs,
Painters brushes,
Camels hair Pencils,
Reeve's Water Colors
Gold Leaf
Mortars and Pestles
Graduated Measures
Surgeons Instruments
Single and double Trusses,
Bogies and Catheters
Ivory and pewter Syringes
Bolus Knives
Apothecary scales and weights
Bottle and vial corks
Pill boxes
Waters and Sealing Wax
Patent Lint
Walden's Ink powder
Smelling bottles assorted
Lemon acid
Ess. Bergamotte and Lemon
Castile and Windsor Soap

Patent Medicines,

OF every description, per dozen or grass.

Physicians, country merchants and others, who deal in Drugs and Medicines, or any of the above articles, can be supplied at the lowest Philadelphia prices, (with the addition only o carriage expenses.)

Customers may rest assured, that particular attention will at all times be paid to furnish them with goods of the best description, and on the lowest terms possible.

Families in town and in the country, can be supplied with superior Medicines of every description, on the cheapest terms.

Pittsburgh, August 3, 1816.

THE BANKS

West of the Mountains,

ARE most respectfully informed, that the *BANK BILL ENGRAVING & PRINTING OFFICE* at Pittsburgh, shall in future be kept constantly open in such a style of elegance and punctuality as to merit the honor of their patronage.

The *Bank Paper* manufactured for the office, by Messrs. DREW & MARKLE of Greensburgh, is allowed by competent judges to be equal to any in the United States.

CHARLES P. HARRISON.

Pittsburgh, October 25, 1816—2awlm

To my Creditors.

TAKE NOTICE, that I have applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Westmoreland, for the benefit of the several acts of insolvency of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and they have appointed the third Monday in November, 1816, to hear me and my creditors at the Court House in the Borough of Greensburgh, when you may attend.

HARMAN NEAS.

Jail of Westmoreland County,
October 15, 1816.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

TIN MANUFACTORY.

Thomas W. Eagles,

Wood street, between Water and Front streets,

HAS just imported an elegant assortment of the best English planished TIN WARE,

CONSISTING OF

Dish covers in setts,
Tea pots,
Coffee Biggons,
Hash dishes of all sizes, &c. &c. &c.
Shee Brass,
Do. Copper,
Mill saws,
Iron and tinned rivetts,
Brass kettles of all sizes, &c. &c.

The above are the first assortment that has been offered for sale west of the mountains, and will be sold at the importers prices.

Also, on hands an elegant assortment of

Looking Glasses,

on better terms than at any other house in this city.

A small invoice of first rate SADLERY.

An assortment of PATENT IRON WARE tinned inside.

A constant supply of the above articles, with a general assortment of *TIN WARE* of the best quality, and on the most liberal terms may be had at the above store, well worth the attention of purchasers.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 8—2aw8t.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE following VALUABLE REAL ESTATE, will be Sold by the Subscriber, at his Dwelling House on the Steubenville Road, St. Clair Township, Allegheny County, one and a half miles from the City of Pittsburgh, on *Thursday the 7th day of November next,* ensuing the date hereof, FIFTY THREE ACRES AND TEN PERCHES OF FIRST RATE LAND, two miles from the said City, most of which is in a high state of cultivation, the balance well timbered with the first quality timber, and under the greater part of it Stone Coal. Also, *Nineteen Acres and three-fourths* of excellent timber Land, one mile and an half from the City, on the Washington, Hickory and Noblesburgh Roads, and well situated for any kind of public business. A stream of water sufficient to supply a distillery or Brewery in the driest season, on an extensive scale, runs through both these tracts. A good and sufficient general warrantee deed will be given.—Conditions will be made known on the day of Sale, which will commence about 9 o'clock in the forenoon, where due attendance will be given, by

WEST ELLIOTT

October 14, 1816, 2awt7N.

N. B. At the same time and place will be Sold upwards of *One Hundred Cords of excellent Wood,* cut and corded last spring, and a large quantity of *Hay* in the stack—also, Waggon, Saddle and Farm Horses, Milk and Young Cattle, 30 Sheep, 20 Hogs, a neat Light Waggon, Cart, Sleigh, Sleds, and a variety of Farming Utensils.

Miss Jane Lamont, Milliner,

LATE of Philadelphia has the honor to inform the Ladies of Pittsburgh and its vicinity that she has opened here a store in 4th street next door to Robert Pattersons Book Store where she has an elegant assortment of silks of any discription for both dresses and Bonnets.—And has already an assortment of Bonnets Caps Turbans &c. And will attend any commands with punctuality and dispatch and all at the most reasonable terms

Pittsburgh October 15 1816.—2aw7t.

Rosin Soap.

A quantity just received, and for Sale at reduced prices, by

Bosler & Co.

Pitssburgh, August 19, 1816. 2awtf.

Rifle Powder.

THE subscriber has constantly on hand a supply of FERREE'S BEST RIFLE POWDER.

JOHN CALDWELL.

October 4—tf.

FOR SALE,

That very Valuable Real Estate called

HAMILTON HALL.

THE subscriber, wishing to remove from the country to a town, offers for sale, his beautiful FARM, on which he now resides, ten miles from the city of Pittsburgh, on the southwest bank of the Monongahela river, and two miles from M'Keesport, on the confluence of the Youghioghany and Monongahela rivers, and nearly opposite the mouth of Turtle creek.

This tract consists of about 275 acres of choice land, of which there is nearly 140 acres of first rate river and run bottom—the remainder is excellent tillable upland—there is about 90 acres of river bottom land cleared, which will produce as good corn and grass crops as any in the western country. In point of beauty, as well as excellent quality, this farm is excelled by none. The dwelling house is spacious, 72 feet in length, and one and a half story high, very neat and handsomely finished; a large barn with stables underneath, besides a horse stable, and other out houses, two tenant houses, and an excellent new Saw-mill, with a fall of 22 feet, and a stream of water sufficient for the purpose, for nearly nine months in the year. The same seat will admit of a grist or other mills also. There are several excellent springs for distilling: a handsome garden, stocked with all kinds of shrubbery; a young thriving Orchard, of the best fruit, and more than 3000 sugar trees on said farm.

If desired, there will be sold with the estate 100 full blooded, three fourths, and half blooded MERINO SHEEP, of superior quality and beauty, besides horses, cows, &c and all kinds of farming utensils. The proximity to Pittsburgh and its excellent market, which unquestionably is the best in the Union, and the convenience as well by land as by water, makes it one of the most desirable and valuable estates in the western country; not only the bottoms but a considerable part of the upland, is excellently calculated for meadow. A full description is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed the property will not be purchased without viewing it; however, it is calculated the estate will clear from 2500 to $3000 per annum, if well attended to. It is clear of all incumbrance, and an indisputable title will be given.

Besides the above, the subscriber will sell three excellent tracts of BOTTOM LAND, situate about five miles from Harmony, and nine miles from Beaver, 25 miles from Pittsburgh, on the Conequenessing. This land is of the very best quality for meadow or corn; each tract has an improvement upon it: one a saw mill; and another, a good dwelling house, barn, &c.

CHARLES VON BONNHORST.

October 15—2awtf.

N. B. For further information apply to James M. Riddle, in the Diamond, Pittsburgh.

Woolen Warehouse,

No. 286, Market Street, Philadelphia.

THE subscriber, in addition to a large stock on hand, purchased here at reduced prices, has received a handsome assortment of

FRESH GOODS,

By the late arrivals from Liverpool, and

offers for sale the following articles per package or piece, on his usual terms,

Superfine London and Yorkshire cloths,
Second and interior do.
Stout double milled drab do.
Ladies pelisse do fashionable colours,
Cassimeres and fine moleskin coatings,
Olive and grey coatings,
Rose, point and striped blankets,
Bazes and flannels,
Plaids, kerseys and fearnoughts,
Stockingnetts, Bedford cords,
Waistcoating, worsted hosiery &c.

—ALSO—

On consignment 20 CASES superior London printed CALICOES; warranted fast colours.

JAMES WILLIAMS.

September 20, 1816 (O. 4.) tawlm.

110 Packages,

OF

Cheap Goods,

JUST RECEIVED,

BY

Johnston and M'Clelland,

Market street, between Third and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh.

COMPRISING a very general assortment, which they have the pleasure of offering to their customers and the public generally, on accommodating terms,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

October 15—1awtf.

For Sale,

SEVERAL tracts of LAND of a good quality, two of which are well improved, one having thereon a well established tanyard. All within from twelve to twenty miles from the city of Pittsburgh. Terms made known by

JOHN M'DONALD.

Wood street, Pittsburgh.

October 8.—2awtf.

THOMAS W. EAGLES,

Fansash Maker,

In Wood between Water and Front streets.

October 8.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1816.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
By JOHN I. SCULL,
In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

Late Foreign Intelligence.

Advices from Naples, announce, that Mr. PINKNEY, our minister, had been accredited by FERDINAND 4th.—had presented a note on the subject of indemnification for former spoliations on our commerce, and that the negotiation was in the usual train. We believe this:—But the tales of a *threat* to commence war by a bombardment of the city;—a *demand* of an island in the Mediterranean, and other vagaries in which the European prints abound, must be considered as of the same brood of fictions, which have brought these journals to the verge of contempt, and which ought not to receive the notice of transcription.

PARIS, *September* 13.—Captain Brisbane flag-captain of Lord Exmouth, passed thro' this city three days since. We learn that the Admiral's vessel was the first which entered the port of Algiers, and anchored under the batteries, thus exposed even to all the musquetry of the Algerines. She lost 180 men. This loss is more considerable than that of any vessel in the battle of Trafalgar. His Lordship was wounded in the cheek, and received a severe contusion in one of his legs. Admiral Milne was wounded, and the captain of the Superb received a very dangerous wound. The Dey went from battery to battery in a small boat during the battle. At Marseilles they have a report that the Dey has since *disappeared*; and expect that the British will have difficulties in getting the slaves out of the hands of the people.

LORD EXMOUTH'S FLEET.

The following is a correct list of the fleet composing the Expedition against Algiers:

Queen Charlotte,	100 guns,	Ad. Lord Exmouth, Capt. J. Brisbane,
Albion, - - - -	74, -	Rear. Ad. Penrose, Capt. Coode,
Impregnable, - -	98, -	Rear. Ad. Milne, Capt. Ed. Brace,
Superb, - - -	74, -	Capt. Elkins,
Minden - - -	74, -	Cap W. Patterson,
Leander, - - -	50, -	Capt. Chearham,
Severn, - - -	40 -	Capt. F. W. Aylmer,
Glasgow, - -	40, -	Capt. A. Maitland,
Hebrus, - - -	36, -	Capt. Palmer,
Granicus, - -	36. -	Capt Wise.

Sloops Britomart, Mutine, Heron, Prometheus and Cordelia; with several gun and mortar brigs.

The following are the names of the Dutch squadron under Ad. Capellan:—

Melampus - - -	40	*Sophia Wilhelmina* -	44
Diana, - - - -	40	*L'Acuatel,* - - -	44
Dagarand, - - -	36	*Fendragt,* - - -	24

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, JULY 25. On the 16th the Marquis DE LA REVIERE, Ambassador of LOUIS 18th, had his public audience of the Sublime Sultan. The ceremonies consumed the time of twelve fatiguing hours. The presents made, consisted of rich diamonds, chandeliers, cloths superbly embroidered, and numerous samples of French manufactures. The Sultan expressed his satisfaction on the re-establishment of the Bourbons, and the renewal of the long existing amity between France and the Ottoman Porte.

On the 22d inst. the Minister from the *Dey of Algiers* was received by the Grand Vizier, when the presents from the Dey were exhibited for public inspection. They consisted of a number of Moorish slaves of both sexes; three Arabian horses richly caparisoned; pistols mounted with gold and coral; a solitaire and snuff-box richly set with diamonds, eight Lions, four Tigers, six Ostriches, &c. &c. and a great number of the richest carpets of all colours.

The Austrian slaves which have been set at liberty, by the Dey, were delivered over to the Austrian Ambassador.

LATEST FROM SPAIN.

Capt. HILLARD, from Cadiz, informs us, that on the 4th September, the Portuguese ship *San Sebastian*, of 74 guns, arrived there from the Brazils, convoying their Royal Highnesses the Princess Donna ISABELLA-MARIA, the betrothed Queen of FERDINAND 7th; and DONNA MARIA-FRANCOIX, her sister, also betrothed to Don CARLOS, the brother of the King.—They were received with the most splendid demonstrations of joy and loyalty. A thousand discharges announced their entrance into the harbor; and the Cleopatrian barge which conveyed them to the shore, was rowed by Post Captains, and steered by the Vice-Admiral. At night, every part of Cadiz was splendidly illuminated The marriage of the Queen was again recognized in the proxy of the Count MIRANDA; and her Majesty pushed in an open coach to her residence. She is in her 19th year, and extremely beautiful. Her sister is younger, and not so handsome. The king, it was expected, would meet her at Seville.

The celebrated Gen. MIRANDA died at the castle of Carraccas, near Cadiz, and was buried without any religious rites.

Foreign scrap.....The Austrian and Prussian soldiers in garrison at Mentz, had another engagement on the 11th of August, greatly to the terror of the inhabitants. The officers quelled the tumult with much difficulty. "In the quarter of the town where this affair took place, the houses are riddled with shot. Fifteen balls were found in one apartment in the house of the curate of the parish."

PARIS, Sept. 13.

LOSS OF THE FRIGATE MEDUSA.

On the 2d of July, the French frigate Medusa was wrecked near Cape Blanc, on the coast of Africa, 12 or 15 leagues from the land. Many of the officers and seamen embarked in the boats, and the residue, 147, were placed on a raft, the officers in the boats promising to tow it to the shore. On the 5th of July they left the wreck. On the raft there were 5 barrels of wine, 2 of water, and 20 weight of biscuit. Some of those persons on the raft were up to their middle in water. They expected to gain the land in less than three days. But immediately after leaving the ship, the row-cable was cut, and the boats abandoned the raft. The night following 20 persons were lost from the raft, or were pressed to death between its divisions.—The second night several persons were washed off from the extremities of the raft, and the survivors crowded to the centre overthrowing one another. At length the soldiers got at the wine and intoxicated themselves. In this state they manifested a disposition to destroy their officers, and to break up the raft by cutting the ropes which bound it. One of them, who began to cut with a hatchet, was killed by an officer. The revolters drew their sabres, and those who had none, armed themselves with knives. One of them raised his sword against an officer, and was instantly put to death. The seditious then withdrew to one end of the raft. One feigned to be reposing, had already cut some of the ropes. The officers rushed upon him. A soldier assumed his defence. They were both thrown into the sea. The combat became general. The mast broke, and in falling wounded capt. Dupont so that he remained insensible. He was seized by the soldiers and thrown overboard. But recovered again. But a mutineer afterwards endeavored to cut out his eyes with a penknife. After a desperate struggle this mutiny appeared suppressed, but it broke out again in an hour, and very soon the raft was strewed with their bodies. There were not more than 12 or 15 chiefs and passengers to resist all their fury.

At last day-light came, to shew a scene of horror. A great number of the seditious had thrown themselves overboard, 60 or 65 men had perished during the night, a fourth part of whom had drowned themselves in despair. On our side we had lost but two. The rebels had thrown two barrels of wine into the sea, and all our water. There now remained only one cask of wine, and there were yet 67 men. We were obliged to resort to extreme means to maintain existence. Those whom death had spared in the disastrous night, threw themselves greedily on the bodies which covered the raft, and cut pieces from them, which some devoured immediately. The 4th morning after leaving the wreck, showed ten or twelve more persons dead on the raft. These were committed to the deep, only one was reserved for food. Towards evening the survivors caught upwards of 300 flying fish. A fire was made, the fish and some human flesh was cooked. A new mutiny was attempted this night; but the leader, a Spaniard, was thrown into the sea, and order restored.

On the morning of the 6th day, it was found that only 30 persons remained.—Those who survived, were in a most deplorable state. Their feet were swelled, and they were covered with wounds and bruises, which compelled them at times to utter the most frightful cries. There only remained wine for four days, and hardly a dozen fish. Two soldiers bored the wine cask behind, and drank till discovered.—A law had been made that such conduct should be punished with death, and they were immediately thrown overboard.

Thus we were but 28—of these only 15 appeared likely to exist a number of days. The other 13 were covered with wounds, and had lost their reason. yet they consumed our wine and fish. A council was held, and it was agreed to throw them into the sea, which was done, and secured for the survivors six days of provisions. On the fourth day afterwards, these 15 were saved by the French brig Argus.

The Medusa was conveying to Senegal, the new French governor. The boats of the ship reached the shore, the governor was on board one of them.

They had on the raft no means of giving it progress. It went as the winds and waves carried it.

From Boston Daily Advertiser.

The fifty-second number of the Edinburgh Review contains a very entertaining article on the narrative of Robert Adams, an American sailor, who was detained as a slave for several years in the interior of Africa. He sailed from America in June, 1810, in the ship Charles, and proceeding on a trading voyage to the coast of Africa, was shipwrecked near Cape Blanco, 400 miles to the northward of Senegal. The whole crew were there made prisoners by a tribe of Moors. A short time afterwards Adams, with a Portuguese, named Stevens, while on a slaving expedition was captured, with his masters, by a large party of negroes, and sent as prisoners to Tombuctoo, to be sold. He remained at this place six months, and the most important part of his narrative relates to this celebrated city. The size, population, wealth and civilization of this city have been, according to Adams's account, extravagantly exaggerated. It is large in extent, but the houses are much scattered. The King and Queen, Woola and Fatima, are old, with grey hair, and the latter excessively fat, and dressed in blue nankeen. The palace is of mud, and excessively mean.—The largest vessels are canoes ten feet long.—The soil is easily cultivated, and only with a hoe. The principal food is Guinea corn, ground between two stones, boiled, and eaten with goat's milk. No knives, spoons, or other utensils are used at their meals. They have no outward appearance of religion; no house of worship; no priests. They have no shops; the goods imported remain in the king's palace until sold. Addams thinks that no white man had ever been at Tombuctoo before him, from the information he recived, and from the curiosity that his colour excited.

After about six months they were ransomed by a party of Moors, and after a distressing journey over the deserts, and a variety of interesting adventures, arrived at Wadinaon, where Adams was detained as a slave for a long time, and shockingly maltreated. At length he was ransomed by Mr. Dupuis, the British Vice-Consul at Magadore. From Magadore he proceeded to Fez, and thence, under the care of the American Consul, to Cadiz, where he arrived May 17, 1814. After remaining more than a year at Cadiz, he proceeded to Gibraltar, in pursuit of a passage to his native country, but being disappointed he worked his passage to London. He remained there a short time in extreme poverty and misery. Being accidentally discovered by some gentlemen, who had heard something of his adventures, he was carried to the office of the African committee. He afterwards underwent various examinations, although very reluctant to delay his embarkation for America, by a number of gentlemen, from the result of which examination the narrative is compiled. A variety of circumstances are related, as tests of the credibility of Adams, all of which are so decidedly conclusive in his favour, that there is very little reason to doubt his veracity, or the general accuracy of his narrative.

The following is an extract from the part of the narrative which describes the journey of 29 days across the Desart, from Tudenog to Vied Duleim, during, which they did not meet with a human being, or see a tree or shrub, or even a blade of grass. They suffered greatly for food and water, the season, being uncommonly dry, and usual watering places failing.

"The Moors who had been in confinement at Tombuctoo, becoming every day weaker, three of them in the four following days lay down, unable to proceed. They were then placed upon the camels; but continual exposure to the excessive heat of the sun, and the uneasy motion of the camels' soon rendered them unable to support themselves, and towards the end of the second day they made another attempt to pursue their journey on foot but could not.

The next morning at day break they were found dead on the sand, in the place where they had lain down at night, and were left behind without being buried—The next day another of them lay down, and like his late unfortunate companions, was left to perish. But on the following day, one of the Moors determined to remain behind, in the hope that he who had dropped the day before, might still come up, and be able to follow the party. Some provisions were left for him. At this time it was expected, what proved to be the fact, that they were within a day's march of their town: but neither of the men ever afterwards made their appearance; and Adams has no doubt that they perished."

CHARLESTON, S. C. October 14, 1816.

Captain Livingston, of the British brig *Agnes*. informs us, that just before he left Jamaica, the Governor in Chief of the Carracas had addressed a letter to Ad. Douglas on the Jamaica station, accompanying one from Gen. Don Parlo Morillo, in which the General states, that in consequence of his success against the Patriots (insurgents as he denominates them) he had relinquished the blockade of the coast, which he had previously established. The Governor added, that in consequence of this act of Morillo's the whole coast is now free to every friendly flag.

An entirely new Speculation!—Mr. Philip Spencer, of Poughkeepsie, having by purchase, become the owner of upwards seventy of the black convicts in the state prison, and obtained the Governor's pardon for them, on condition of transporting them out of the state, has shipped them all off for New Orleans or as some say for the Red River, in the Louisiana territory, where report says, Mr. S. is about forming a settlement. It is also added, that Mr. S. has been offered three thousand dollars for his speculation!!! [*Albany Gazette.*

M'DONNEL & EKIN,
HAVE RECEIVED,

AND will in future be regularly supplied with the following articles which they offer for sale on moderate terms.

Coffee, first and second quality,
Ditto and loaf sugar,
Imperial and young hyson tea in boxes and chests,
Chocolate, pepper, allspice and ginger,
Mustard in bottles and kegs,
Raisins in boxes and kegs,
Real Spanish segars,
Nutmegs, cloves and cinnamon,
Madder, copperas, redwood and allum,
Cogniac Brandy and Jamaica spirits,
Holland gin and Madeira wine,
Queensware in small crates,
Herring and shad.

They continue to manufacture Tobacco and segars of a superior quality, and cut nails of every description.

Pittsburgh, October 8--1awtf.

WILLIAMS'S
Wholesale and Retail
STORE,
MARKET BETWEEN THIRD & FOURTH STREETS.

The following GROCERIES, just received, and offered wholesale and retail, on accommodating terms, viz:—

Best green Coffee
Common do.
Young Hyson Tea
Nutmegs
Cloves
Cinnamon
Alspice
Pepper
Allum
Copperas
Madder
Indigo, Bengal & Spanish
Rosin Soap

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, February 16, 1816.

FOR SALE,
By RICHARD BOWEN & CO.
Corner of Market and Water Streets, PITTSBURGH.

NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR,
Prime Green Coffee,
Loaf and Lump Sugar,
Jamaica Spirits, 4th proof, French Brandy,
Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Currant } Wines,
Juniata Barr Iron
American, Blister and Crowley Steel
English Crowley do.
Rolled Iron and Nail Rods,
Castings assorted,
Cap Paper, No. 1, 2 & 3, Post do.
Medium and Demy Paper, Wrapping do.
Bonnet Boards,
Window Glass and Bottles,
Birmingham Queensware,
Spanish flotant Indigo,
Cotton and Wool Cards, Cotton Yarn,
Kentucky Segars,
Kentucky Twist and Sweet-scented Tobacco,
Bed Cords and Plough Lines,
Pig Lead, Logwood, White Lead,
Merino and Common Wool Hats,
Axes, Hoes and Chains,
Screw Augers first quality,
Mill Saws. ALSO,
18 Boxes Tin Plate.

August 15, 1816. 2awbtf

Steubenville Cloth.

THE subscribers have received, and offer for Sale

An assortment of Cloths,

MANUFACTURED at Steubenville, well worth the particular attention of the public

ON HAND,

A well chosen assortment of

Dry Goods and Hardware,

Which they are disposed to sell on the most liberal terms.

CHARLES L. VOLZ & Co.
In Wood, between First and Second Streets
Pittsburgh, August 31.—3mq

H. Bonnet and F. Rouaud,

HAVE removed their STORE to Market street, between Second and Third streets, below the *Bank of Pittsburgh*—And have just received an additional supply of *GOODS* for the season.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 1, 1816—1awtf

PITTSBURGH.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1816.

Election of Electors.

On Friday last, an election for electors of President and Vice President of the United States, was held throughout the state of Pennsylvania. In this city, the *Independent Electoral ticket* had a majority of 184 votes. The votes were, for the

Independent ticket, 241.
Caucus ticket, 57.

Delaplaine's Repository of the Lives and Portraits of Distinguished Americans.

The first part of this interesting work has just been published, and is now ready to be delivered to subscribers. This number contains the portraits of *Columbus, Americus, Rush, Ames, Hamilton* & *Washington.* To each portrait is annexed a biographical sketch. The style of the writer is pure, nervous, and often beautiful. The engravings exhibit, perhaps, the perfection of the art; they are the best efforts of American genius. Few works have issued from the American press, or perhaps from any in the world, superior in the mechanical execution—We consider it entitled to the patronage of every man of taste and patriotism.

Another speck of war!—A letter from Portland, of the 17th inst. to the superintendant of the Exchange Coffee House Books, Boston, gives a long account of an affray between the people of the Isle of Grand Menan, and some American fishermen. Two attempts were made to drive the fishermen off the banks; but they proving the strongest, followed the people into woods, where a skirmish ensued, and several were killed on both sides.

Extraordinary property of the onion.

The magnetic power of a compass needle (says the Petersburgh Intelligencer,) will be entirely destroyed or changed, by being touched with the juice of an onion. This fact may seem trifling; but we regard it as one of the first importance; and investigated, may lead to consequences equally astonishing as the discovery of the magnet itself.

Troy, N. Y. October 22.

THE WEATHER.—Snow fell in this city on Thursday evening last. Some few miles east of here it covered the ground to the depth of one or two inches. On the mountain, ten miles east of Bennington, we are informed by a gentleman who crossed there on Saturday, that the snow fell on Thursday to the depth of six or eight inches.

Extract of a letter from Niagara, dated September 30, 1816.

The banks of the Niagara, though formed by nature, the most interesting portion of our continent, have of late become doubly so, from being the seat of war, and the theatre of many brilliant atchievements, and many painful sufferings. The crowd of visiters this season, from every part of the country, has been unexampled.—From Fort Erie to Fort George, the ravages of war are still deeply marked: the ruins of fences, buildings, and all the improvements of agricultural life, on the west side of the Niagara, afford a striking contrast to the flourishing villages, and increasing settlements upon the American shore.

The pass of the Chippewa, is still defended by a small Fort, with two guns, and a handful of men: but the battles fought upon its banks, rather than any beauties of its own, have made the name of this stream familiar to our countrymen, and we pass it in haste in approaching the grand survey of the Falls. Here is exhibited, a view, which I dare not attempt to describe; for it would be hopeless to attempt what others of superior powers have invariably failed to accomplish: It would still be more hopeless to attempt, what is beyond the power of man to perform. The effect produced by viewing this stupendous work of nature, cannot be communicated to others; and never can the stranger, who has not visited the Falls of Niagara, derive a correct idea of them, from the combined powers of the painter and the poet, until the former is permitted to dip his pencil in the colors of the rain-bow, and the latter is enabled to muse into his verse the thunder of the Cataract. They are only described, by declaring them indescribable.

We arrived at this place at the close of the day—it was one of those serene evenings in autumn, when the mildness of the atmosphere, and the richly variegated beauties of the forest and the field spread a kind of magic influence over the face of nature. The sun was setting over the plains of Bridgewater, its beams covered the distant hills with a golden hue, and formed a most brilliant bow upon the spray that hung below the dashing of the Fall.—The poets eye, in ranging the wild field of nature, or the still more extensive regions of fancy, could not fix upon a subject more interesting, more beautiful and grand. His feelings must be cold indeed, who could view without the strongest emotion, the height of Queenston, or the plains of Chippewa & Bridgewater, he must be destitute of all feeling, who could witness, without silent awe and admiration, the grandeur displayed at the Cataract of Niagara. L. L.

DOG EAT DOG;

OR, A LAW SUIT ABOUT NOTHING.

DUANE *vs.* BINNS,

For defamation of character.

The two loving friends of Philadelphia, Wm. Duane and John Binns, having long been engaged in a political boxing match, in which it is hard to say which party has the advantage have now resorted to the laws of their country to determine the question. The immediate point now in issue between these two illustrious characters, if we rightly comprehend the defendant's statement, is, whether he, the said John Binns, has aspersed, vilified, traduced, slandered, defamed, abused, calumniated and libelled the character of the plaintiff, meaning thereby the good fame, reputation, and standing of him the aforesaid William Duane. On this important and highly interesting point, it would be premature in us to risk any opinion whatever, in this stage of the proceedings. Whether the aforesaid John Binns has slandered the character of Wm. Duane, is what we shall not undertake to say but that he has slandered the character of much better men is a point, we believe, beyond all dispute. Still a question arises, whether from the universality of the slanders of John Binns, against honest men, the character of Wm. Duane is necessarily included. John may say in his defence, that he only intended to slander honest men, and pray the opinion of the court, whether Wm. Duane comes within the class of characters which he intended to affect by his libels. On this he may ground his motion to compel the plaintiff to enter a non-suit. Duane on the other hand, may contend that the libels of John Binns took a more comprehensive range. He may state that it was the intention of this man to slander, not only the reputations of honest men, but likewise those of his own party. How the court would, in their wisdom, dispose of so delicate a question, is more than we can answer for.

John when he received a summons from the Sheriff to answer to the complaint of Wm. Duane, in an action of trespass on the case for defamation, stared both of his eyes almost out of their sockets. Fine times indeed, quoth John, that Duane should complain of libels—he who has vilified and slandered all my division of the democratic party, should complain of libels from me. John seems equally astonished that Duane should mind one word that his paper contains, being decidedly of opinion that both the editor and his paper are beneath the notice of any honourable man.

We will suppose that the court should address these two parties in the following manner:—

What need have ye of slander now
The character of each to curse;
Tell but the truth, and we avow
That slander can do nothing worse.

Federal Republican.

The Duchess of Angouleme.....In a narrative of the events which took place in France, from the landing of Bonaparte to the restoration of Louis XVIII. the following account is given of the heroism which the Duchess of Angouleme, daughter of Louis XVI. displayed at Bordeaux—by Helen Maria Williams, who, during that period, as well as for a considerable number of years before, resided in Paris.

"The Duchess of Augouleme had not been spared by the Bonapartists, amidst the censures heaped upon her family. One of the heaviest charges brought against her was, the habitual melancholy of her disposition; she was found guilty of having no French gaiety in her character. The Parisians remembered not that this Princess, at an age when the heart is already susceptible of deep and lasting impressions, had seen her whole family perish, and had herself been led from the gloomy tower of her prison, into an exile which had lasted 20 years; that on returning to the palace of her fathers, it was natural that some melancholy reflections should darken for her the triumphal pomp, and mingle themselves with the exultation of her joy. But sadness was not the sole offence of the Duchess of Angouleme; her extreme piety was declared to be fitter for a monastery than a court; and in the caracitures of the royal family which filled the print-shops after their departure, she was always placed on her knees before a prie-dieu, as if incapable of all other occupations. But not less was the confusion of her adversaries, than the triumph of her adherents, when it was announced in Paris, that this princess, with that energy which, in a superior mind, is called forth by extraordinary situations, had risen from her knees, and invoking in her heart the aid of heaven, had mounted on horseback, rid every day through the ranks, and displayed a courage worthy of heroic times. When Bonaparte sent a considerable detachment to march against her, she ordered a general to conduct her to the Chateau de la Trompette. The general hesitated, assuring her that she would be in danger. "I do not ask you, sir," said she, "if there would be danger, I only order you to conduct me." She rode up to a circle of officers on the explanade, whom she harangued, exhorting them to fidelity, and the renewal of their oaths of allegience in presence of the enemy. Observing their coldness and hesitation, she exclaimed, "I see your fears, you are cowards; I absolve your oaths already taken!" and turning her horse, she left them, and immediately embarked on board an English frigate. The inhabitants of Bordeaux followed her to the sea shore, with fond enthusiasm, with lamentations and tears. Every one wished to possess something that had belonged to her, something "for thoughts and remembrances;" something that might be regarded with the same devotion as the votive offering of a saint, or the relic of a martyr. She gave her shawl, her gloves, the feathers of her hat, which were cut into shreds, and distributed among her followers."

JUVENILE PREACHER.

'Tis filled. Before breakfast too. Ah! could the decanter speak twould tell a tale its owner would blush to hear. But enough, From the drunkard and his corps, let us turn, with compassion from the man, with contempt for his crime, and pay a visit to his next door neighbor, the——— But hark! The knell of some departed spirit arrests our attention. In yonder house lies the pale, the lifeless remains of a once promising youth, snatched from the fond embrace of his aged parents, about to be consigned to the cold clods of the valley. Distracted with grief; unsupported by the consolations of a pious resignation to the will of Heaven, the partner of his bosom knows not where to look for relief. Ask you the reason why death has entered the window, and borne triumphant on its iron hearse the fallen victim? You might be informed that once he bid fair for a long, a prosperous and useful life. But falling into the company of *Gamblers* he was persuaded to pass a few leisure moments at the *innocent* diversion of cards, A little he lost—a little more he *gained*—inclination followed indulgence, till at length, by slow and imperceptible degrees, what at first was merely *diversion* became the chief object of pursuit. The business of life and the cares of his family were forgotten and neglected. The wife of his bosom, the mother of his child, left alone to wearisome days and sleepless nights, anxious for his fate, impatient for his return, sits and mourns in silent sorrow, till the clock strikes two, and steps at the door announce his approach! But ah! how awful the disappointment! It was the approach of others, bearing the breathless remains of what once he was! Need we be informed, that, stripped of his property by an unlucky game, he madly plunged the fatal weapon, and became at once the instrument of his awful exit, and the cause of "lamentation and mourning and woe," to his afflicted family, bringing down the grey hairs of his venerable parents with *sorrow to the grave.*

Reader—say you that.

"On fancy's horse I ride"?

Go, then, to the chamber of revelry, to the garret of the gamester, and learn from the language and the quarrels of the *card table*, that these are not the airy phantoms of a distempered imagination—go, and with sorrow exclaim, "*the half has not been told me.*"

Watchman.

WALTZING.

The fashionable German Waltz Dance is said to have originated in the mode adopted by the Scotch women, two of whom get into a tub, alternately following each other round the inner edge or treading together in the middle, till the clothes are clean.—Sometimes a bonny lassie treads with her gallant, and then the washing is done merrily. The idea was ingenious enough, for a phlegmatic German, to transpose the dance from the tub to the assembly room, where washing might be done in rather a more genteel style.

DIED, in the City of Philadelphia, on the 25th ult. in the 34th year of her age, Mrs. REBECCA VON BONNHORST, consort of Mr. Charles Von Bonnhorst, of Hamilton Hall, in this county. Mild and gentle in her disposition, and possessing unusual sweetness of manners, she became endeared to all with whom she had an intercourse. She supported the distresses of a tedious and fatal illness without complaint, and although surrounded by an affectionate family and tender offspring, and at an age when life has many charms, she viewed her approaching dissolution without murmur or dismay, and submitted to the dispensation of Providence with perfect resignation.

Mayor's Court,

CITY OF PITTSBURGH,

CLERK'S OFFICE, *November* 1, 1816.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a Mayor's Court, for the City of Pittsburgh, will be held at the Court House, in the said City, on Monday the 25th inst. of which all persons bound by recognizance, and all others concerned, are required to take notice

JOHN GILLAND, *Clerk.*

Direct Tax.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to all those indebted for Direct Tax, that unless they come forward and pay the same on or before the first day of December next, that after that time they must pay it, with costs, to James Young or William Graham, Esqrs.

JAMES PENTLAND, *Dep. Col.*

Pittsburgh, November 4, 1816.

Regimental Orders.

A COURT OF APPEAL for each Battalion will convene on Monday the 11th of November, at 10 o'clock, A. M. For the 1st Battalion at the house of Jacob Carmack, Wood Street—Members, Captains Thomas Chess, Levi Barnum, and Lieut. John M. Chever. For the 2d Battalion at the house of Edward Carr—Members, Captains James M. Riddle, and Morfit, and Lt. John Hood.

WILLIAM ANDERSON, *Col.*
87th Regt, P. M.

Pittsburgh, November 4, 1816.

The Tavern and Ferry,

ON Liberty Street, in the City of Pittsburgh, are offered for Rent on *Perpetual Lease.*—The House is a two story Brick, well finished, and the Ferry has a landing on the opposite side of the Monongahela. This property is too well known to require further description.

The Terms are, One Thousand Dollars annually, or Twelve Thousand Dollars in fee simple.

JAMES JONES.

Pittsburgh, November 4, 1816.

FRESH GOODS.

T. & G. ALGEO,

In Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, and next to the Bank of Pittsburgh, have just received a general assortment of

Fashionable and Seasonable GOODS,

which they offer on moderate terms, wholesale and retail, for Cash or Country Produce.

Likewise—40,000 feet seasoned Pine Boards, first quality.

Pittsburgh, October 31, 1816. eow6t.

ARMSTRONG & EWING,

Wood Street, between Second and Third Streets,
PITTSBURGH,
HAVE FOR SALE,

MUSCOVADA SUGAR
Loaf and Lump do.
Gunpowder, Imperial and Young Hyson Teas
Chocolate, Pepper, Alspice
Ginger, race and ground
Mustard in kegs and bottles
Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs
Sallad Oil in Bottles,
Raisins, best Muscatel
Spanish Indigo, Rice Starch
Porter Corks, Madder, Copperas
Spanish Segars
Sweet scented Kentucky Tobacco, &c. &c.
Prime Shad
Do. Mackarel
No. 1, Herrings
French Cognac Brandy, first quality, 4th proof
Jamaica Spirits, do. 4th proof
Holland Gin
Madeira, Teneriffe, Port and Lisbon Wines

which they will dispose of on low terms, and are regularly supplied with a select collection of the best

Groceries, Spirits and Wines.

Pittsburgh, October 31, 1816. tf

Interesting Discovery.

To those who are so unfortunate as to be afflicted with

CANCERS.

AND to those whose feelings of humanity excite them to inquire and direct where they may obtain a perfect cure for that malady, in the most safe and effectual way:

Doctor Griggs,

No 277, North Second Street, Philadelphia,

Confident that his remedy is superior to all others that have ever been in practice, thinks it his duty to make it known to the public, that he has succeeded in effectually curing near one hundred persons in this city, of that most dreadful of all maladies, the CANCER, within the last two years; many of whom had despaired of ever obtaining a cure; of some whom had been attended in the Alms House and Hospital of this place, without success, and now are effectually cured.

By the afflicted's humble servant,

Daniel Griggs.

N. B. References can be had of some hundreds of the most respectable citizens of Philadelphia.

☞ All Editors of papers in this state, will please insert the above once a week for three months, and send their accounts for payment as above.

Allegheny County, ss.

In the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Allegheny of the Term of November A. D. 1816, No. 13

Hannah Fetterman, vs *George Fetterman*, } Alias Subpœna For divorce Returned, N. E. I.

To *George Fetterman* above named.

You are hereby notified and required to be and appear at a Court of Common Pleas to be held at Pittsburgh for the County aforesaid on the second Monday of November next to answer the complaint of the above named libellant

WILLIAM WOODS, Sheriff

Pittsburgh, October 15, 1816—tc.

CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, &c.

Hamilton's Elixir,

A SOVEREIGN REMEDY for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, Sore Throats, and aproaching Consumptions, and most disordes of the breast and lungs.

A SINGLE TRIAL

Will prove, that it restores the determination of the fluid to the surface of the body, and brings on the common healthful perspiration; that it dislodges and evacuates the tough viscid phlegm or mucus, strengthens the weakened vessels of the lungs, sheathes the acrimonious humor which irritates them, and finally discharges it. Thus striking at the root of the disorder, the symptoms are of course effectually and permanently conquered; the reverse of common medicines, which weaken the constitution and give strength to the disorder, for the sake of moderating for the present some of its painful effects.

To parents who have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small, that no difficulty arises in taking it.

TO H. LEE.

Being desirous to make public, for the good of others, the excellent quality of HAMILTON'S ELIXIR, prepared by the late Mr Lee. I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it, which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breathing became very difficult, and frequently I have had to rise up in my bed, with all the horrors of immediate suffocaton. Add to these a constant pain in my breast, and a cough, a great loss of strength and flesh, and you may conceive that my symptoms evidently indicated an approaching consumption. The advise of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me and the circumstances of my case, *advised me to give Hamilton's Elixir a trial*, saying, *he had used it in his practice, and always found it to do much good*. A bottle was procured from Mr. Birch', and *I found relief before I had taken half of it*. I continued to use it, and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold some of my former symptoms return, but are always removed by a dose or two of the Elixir.

GEORGE BENNER, Jr.

No. 11, Budd Street, Philadelphia

The public are respectfully informed, that the above MEDICINE is prepared (only) by the SOLE PROPRIETOR, H. LEE, No 56, Maiden Lane, New-York, and sold, wholesale and retail, by

BOSLER & CO.

Front Street, Pittsburgh.

Where may be seen an extensive list of cures, certified by some of the most respectable citizens in the United States.

February 16, 1816.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE ON COMMISSION, BY

Dennis S. Scully,

IN MARKET STREET, AN INVOICE OF

Seasonable Dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

CALICOES, Dimities,
Ginghams, Jaconet Muslins,
Cambrick Muslins, Flag Handkerchiefs,
Superfine Cloths, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

London Particular Madeira Wine,
Ditto do. Teneriffe do. } warranted
4th Proof Cognac Brandy, } genuine.
Do. Old Jamaica Spirits,
A few barrels Java Coffee,
Lump and Loaf Sugar,
Copperas, Indigo, Logwood, &c. &c. &c.

The above Goods will be sold at the Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage, for Cash, or approved notes at 60 or 90 days.

Pittsburgh, 20th August, 1816. 2awtf

Grand National Lottery.

SECOND CLASS.

Authorised by Act of Congress, for opening a Canal in the City of Washington.

Begins drawing on the 30th September next.

35,000 Dollars,
25,000 Dollars, } Highest Prizes.
10,000 Dollars,

Six Dollars the lowest Prize.

SCHEME

1	Prize	of	$35,000	is $35,000
1	do.		25,000	25,000
1	do.		10,000	10,000
1	do.		5,000	5,000
1	do.		2,000	2,000
4	do.		1,000	4,000
50	do.		600	30,000
50	do.		100	5,000
100	do.		50	5,000
208	do.		25	5,200
1000	do.		15	15,000
9800	do.		6	58,800

First drawn numbers on the 1st day, 2nd—3d—4th—5th—6th—7th—8th—9th—10th—11th—12th—13th—14th—15th—16th—17th—18th 19th—20th—21st—22nd—23d—24th—25th—26th—27th—28th—29th—30th—31st—32nd—33d—34th—35th—36th—37th—38th—39th—40th—41st—42nd—43d—44th—45th—46th—47th—48th—49th—and 50th days, are each to be entitled to one of the above 600 dollar prizes, payable in part by one hundred Tickets, beginning with No. 35001 to No 35100 inclusive, for the first drawn on the first day of drawing and so on in regular succession for the rest.

The 35,000 Dollar Prize,
The 25,000 Dollar Prize,
The 10,000 Dollar Prize,

and all the other Capital Prizes are floating, and adventurers who purchase Tickets at the commencement of the Lottery have an equal chance of drawing any of the Capitals, as they may all come out on the first day of drawing.

Prizes subject to fifteen per cent. deduction and payable 40 days after the drawing is completed.

TICKETS FOR SALE

At the Store of WILLIAM HILL *for Cash only, who will receive the drawings regularly.*

Pittsburgh, July 8, 1816.

John B. Trevor,

Having sold his Share in the Glass Manufactory heretofore conducted under the Firm of TREVOR & ENCELL, the business of said Establishment, in its various branches, is now carried on by

BOLTON, ENCELL & CO.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

At their commodious Warehouse in Wood Street, near the Monongahela Ferry; where they offer for Sale a general assortment of

Plain and Cut Flint Glass.

Orders for GLASS shall be executed with care and despatch, and GOODS and MERCHANDIZE received, stored and forwarded on the usual terms of Commission.

Having made arrangements for a regular supply of WINDOW GLASS and GREEN BOTTLES, *Bolton, Encell & Co.* will shortly be able to furnish their Customers with all kinds of Articles in the Glass line of business.

Pittsburgh, May 1, 1816.

Valuable Improved Lands FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for Sale the following Property, to wit:—*One Tract of Land*, situate in Fayette township, Allegheny county, adjoining Noblesburgh, containing 250 acres, on which is erected an excellent Farm House, Barn and Stabling, a Horse Mill, and a Stone Distillery, in complete operation, about 130 acres cleared and in high cultivation, an excellent bearing Orchard, and a large quantity of Meadow—it is well watered with springs, and adjoining a place of Public Worship.

The Stills, with all the implements for distillation will be sold with the premises.

Also, *A Small Farm*, containing from 60 to 80 acres, more or less, on which is erected a Cabin, about 15 acres cleared, and an excellent Coal Bank on it.

Also, *One House* and *Lot* in Noblesburgh, with 7 acres of Ground attached thereto.

For terms, apply to the subscriber on the premises.

WILLIAM HERDMAN.

June 6, 1816.

S. & J. Thompson,

MERCHANT TAYLORS,

South end of Market Street, Pittsburgh,
Have just received a large supply of

Superfine Cloths, Cassimers,

and VESTINGS, of the most fashionable colours and of a very superior quality. Likewise, an assortment of the most fashionable SUMMER STUFFS, MILITARY TRIMMINGS, &c. They have obtained the latest FASHIONS, and have a number of excellent Workmen, which will enable them to fill orders with dispatch.

☞ Six or Eight Journeymen, and One Apprentice, wanted immediately.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1816.

MORGAN'S LIQUID.

To remove Spots or Stains of Ink, Red Wine, Iron Mould or Mildew.

SOAK and wash out in this Liquid the table Linen, &c. &c. thus spotted or stained, and after the colour is discharged get them up in the usual manner, and there will remain no visible effect of the injury.

Sold only in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

At their wholesale and retail Apothecary, Drug and Paint Warehouse, Wood Street.

To the Public

GEORGE EVANS has taken into partnership BENJAMIN E FOOTE, in a Commercial Establishment, next door to the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, where business will be conducted by B. E. Foote, under the stile of

Evans & Foote,

Who have on hand a general assortment of
DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE, and
GROCERIES.
They have also just received,
20 Kegs of BUTTER,
109 Boxes ROSIN SOAP,
A quantity of BACON, and
WHISKEY,
Which will be sold wholesale or retail.

N. B. Goods will be received for Sale on the usual commission.

GEORGE EVANS,
BENJAMIN E. FOOTE

Pittsburgh, 17th July, 1816. 3m

FRESH GOODS

ROBERT GETTY,

HAS just received and is now opening at his Store, corner of Diamond & Market Street, an extensive and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware.

Purchased since the late fall of Goods and will be sold unusually low.

FOR SALE,

And immediate possession given,

A Frame Shop,

IN Second Street, 3 doors from Market Street.

APPLY TO

AQUILLA M. BOLTON.

July 22, 1816.

APPROVED Family Medicines

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Stomachic Elixir of Health;

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

WHICH has proved by thousands, who have experienced its beneficial effects, to be the most valuable medicine ever offered to the public, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, the Whooping Cough, Asthma, pain in the Breast, Cramps, and wind in the Stomach, removing Costiveness, sickness at the Stomach, Headache, loss of Appetite, Indigestion, &c. &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Vegetable Nervous Cordial,

Or, NATURE'S GRAND RESTORATIVE

(Price $1 50 Cents.)

Is confidently recommended as the most efficacious medicine for the speedy relief and cure of all nervous complaints, attended with inward weakness, depression of the spirits, headache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debility, &c.

Doctor Robertson's celebrated

Gout and Rheumatic Drops;

(Price $2.)

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lumbago, stone and gravel, swellings and weakness of the joints, sprains, bruises, and all kinds of green wounds—the cramp, pains in the head, face and body, stiffness of the neck, chilblains, frozen limbs, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

STOMACHIC BITTERS.

(Price one Dollar.)

These celebrated and well known bitters are particularly recommended for restoring weak constitutions, cleaning and strengthening the stomach, and increasing the appetite. They are also a certain preventative against those complaints so common in the spring and all seasons, such as intermittent fevers and agues, long autumnal fevers, dysenteries, &c.

Doctor Robertson's

Worm Destroying Lozenges,

(Price 50 Cents.)

For efficacy, these celebrated Lozenges are unequalled; they are mild in their operation, and effectual in removing every description of worms which infest the human body, and may be given to children with safety.

Dr Dyott's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers.

(Price 25 Cents—large boxes 50 Cents.)

Dr. Dyott's

PATENT ITCH OINTMENT.

For pleasantness, safety, expedition, ease, and certainty, is infinitely superior to any other medicine, for the cure of that most disagreeable and tormenting disorder the Itch.

Dr. Dyott's

INFALIBLE TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

(Price 50 Cents.)

CIRCASSIAN EYE WATER.

Celebrated for curing most disorders of the eyes.

(Price 50 Cents.)

Dr. Tissot's celebrated

GOUT & RHEUMATIC DROPS

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE BALM OF IBERIA,

Extracted from an Iberian plant, for curing defects of the skin, and improving the complexion, &c.

(Price 2 Dollars.)

THE RESTORATIVE DENTRIFICE,

For cleansing whitening and preserving the Tee and Gums.

(Price 50 Cents per Box.)

MAHY'S PLAISTER CLOTH

Recommended for the cure of Ulcers, White Swelling, sore breasts, boils, sore legs and all wounds tending to suppuration, &c.

Paul's Patent Columbian Oil,

(Price 1 Dollar.)

A Fresh supply of the above Medicines, just received and for Sale, by

OBRIEN & DYOTT,

DRUGGISTS,

WOOD STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND SECOND STREETS,

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh.

July 29, 1815. 1yq†

JUST RECEIVED

AND FOR SALE.

Forty Thousand Pounds *PIG LEAD.*

10 chests young hyson tea,
A few barrels lump sugar and copperas,
An assortment of coal and wood stoves and grates.

ARMOR & WALLACE.

October 11.

FOR SALE,

A Black Woman, who has six years and an half to serve, with two female children, from 4 to 6 years of age, to serve till 28. The woman is healthy, honest, industrious, and an excellent Cook. The owner having no further occasion for their services, will dispose of them on moderate terms. Enquire at the Gazette Office.

October 25, 1816.

William Hill,

SOUTH EAST CORNER MARKET AND FOURTH STREETS,

Has received a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Which he offers for Sale on moderate terms *wholesale* and *retail*, chiefly consisting of

SUPERFINE, second, habit and common cloths
Stockinetts, velvets, cords and cassimers
Levantine, damask and serge silk shawls,
Black Barcelona, scarlet and flag Band. hdkfs.
Sup. and common Madrass handkerchiefs and cotton shawls
6-4 plain and figured silk lace
Laced and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Crapes and gauzes
Umbrellas and parasols
Hat covers
Ribbands, galloons, shoe and quality binding, sewing silks, silk twist, tapes, Scot's thread, suspenders, needles, pins No. 3 1-2 a 5
A great variety of fancy articles
Mens' coarse and fine shoes
Womens' morocco and leather shoes
Misses do do. do,
Hatters norocco skins
Flannels, blankets and baizes
Fancy and common waistcoatings
Super dressed and undressed prints
Common prints and plates
Ginghams, bombazetts, jeans and dimities
Cambrick, mull-mull, jaconet, and fancy figured muslin
Shirting and Colerain muslins
1case assorted Irish Linen
Linen cambrick
Levantine, mantua and sensbaw silks
Linen and cotton checks and domestic plaids
India and domestic muslin
Mens' and womens' silk, worsted and cotton hosiery
Milling on Crowley steel by the faggot
Swedish tub steel by the tub
A general assortment of Hardware and Queensware
First and second quality Madeira wine,
Sherry, Teneriffe and Port wine,
French Brandy,
First quality coffee by the barrel
Do. do. packed with loaf sugar
Gunpowder, young hyson, and hyson skin teas by the chest or keg
Chocolate, No. 1 and 2, by the box
Best Spanish Segars by the box
Cinnamon, nutmegs and cloves, by the lb.
Allum, copperas, brimstone, pepper, alspice, by the keg
Ginger, madder, Spanish and Bengal indigo, glue by the keg
Herrings and Shad by the barrel.
Patent Shot
Salt by the barrell
Writing Paper by the ream,
Juniata Bar Iron by the Ton
Castings do.

W. H. Is at all times enabled to execute orders for country linen, flax and tow, thread in cuts, twilled bags, country half hose, butter in kegs.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 9, 1816. tf

Valuable Real Estate for Sale,

PURSUANT to the last Will and Testament of the late Col. RICHARD BROWN, deceased, I NOW OFFER FOR SALE,

The Farm on which he resided,

On the Ohio River, in Holliday's Cove, in Brooke County, Virginia.

This Estate consists of about 700 Acres of Land, 250 of which is a rich Island, the remainder principally second bottom and upland; that part of the upland which is not tillable, is covered with timber suitable for furnishing the Island and tillable part with fencing and building timber. There is between 150 and 200 acres cleared and under cultivation, a suitable proportion of which is good meadow land. The buildings consist in two log dwelling houses and a log barn with under story of stone. It is well supplied with very fine springs of good water.

The situation of this property on the Ohio River, five miles from the flourishing Town of Steubenville, and in the neighbourhood of several Merchant Mills, Iron Works, &c. renders it a desirable object to a person who would wish to farm extensively, as he would probably at all times find a good market at his door for the produce of his farm. A part of the purchase will be required in hand, and for the remainder a reasonable credit will be given.

BEZ. WELLS, *Executor.*

Steubenville, 5th July, 1816. tf

The Real Estate of

STEEL SEMPLE, Deceased.

THIS LAND is situated within 2 and 3 miles of Pittsburgh, and is divided into small Lots of from five, six, ten and twelve acres.

The survey and draft are now completed, and the lines of the Lots and lanes, plainly and distinctly marked on the ground.

This land is fertile, near to the city, and convenient to good roads. It is so divided as to be convenient for gardners, persons desirous of attending market, or to farmers of small capital. As Out-lots, they are well suited to persons residing in the city.

They are offered for Sale on a credit of from twelve to eighteen months. The plan can be seen at my office. WILLIAM WILKINS.

July 26, 1816.

Cut Tacks, Sprigs, Wood Screws,

ORMSBY & DOANE have just received from the Manufactory in Massachusetts, an assortment of Superior CUT TACKS, SPRIGS and WOOD SCREWS, which they will sell by the Box or Thousand. *They have also,*

PEARL ASH, BUTTER, LOAF SUGAR; SOAP and DIPT CANDLES by the Box, and an excellent assortment of CASTINGS, JUNIATA BAR IRON, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, September 26, 1815.

TO BE LET,

And possession given immediately,

A convenient TWO STORY HOUSE, pleasantly situated in the eastern parts of the city. For terms, apply to

A. BEELEN,

Pittsburgh, October 25, 1816—3t